



40th Annual Report 2022-23

SOPHIA TRAEXPO LIMITED

CIN: L21000TG1983PLC113227





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Board of Directors:

Mr. YERRAPRAGADA MALLIKARJUNA RAO	Whole Time Director & CFO
Mr. SRINIVASARAO BOLLA	Independent Director
Mrs. LAKSHMI NEKKANTI SATYASRI	Independent Director
Mr. DURGA VENKATA VARA CHADALAWADA PRASAD RAO	Independent Director

Audit Committee:

Ms. LAKSHMI NEKKANTI SATYA SRI	Chairman
Mr. SRINIVASARAO BOLLA	Member
Mr. DURGA VENKATA VARA CHADALAWADA PRASAD RAO	Member

Nomination and Remuneration Committee:

Mr. SRINIVASARAO BOLLA	Chairman
Ms.LAKSHMI SATYA SRI NEKKANTI	Member
Mr. DURGA VENKATA VARA CHADALAWADA PRASAD RAO	Member

Stakeholders Relationship Committee:

Mr. DURGA VENKATA VARA CHADALAWADA PRASAD RAO	Chairman
Ms. LAKSHMI SATYA SRI NEKKANTI	Member
Mr. DURGA VENKATA VARA CHADALAWADA PRASAD RAO	Member

Company Secretary & Compliance Officer	Raghavendra Rao Medatati
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Registered Office:	6-3-1090/B/1 & 2, 4th floor, Mayank Towers Raj Bhavan Road, Somajiguda, Hyderabad, Telangana, 500082, India.
Auditors	NVSR & Associates., CharteredAccountants, (Firm Registration No. 008801S/S200060), Hyderabad.
Registrars & Share Transfer Agents:	Venture Capital and Corporate Investments Pvt.Ltd, Address: Aurum, 4th & 5th Floors, Plot No.57, Jayabheri Enclave, Phase - II, Gachibowli, Hyderabad-500032, Telangana, India Phones: 040-23818475 / 476 Fax:040-23868024; E-mail:info@vcciplindia.com
Listed At	BSE Limited
Internal Auditor	Ms.Sravanti Karuturi - Chartered Accountant, Hyderabad
Secretarial Auditor	Ms.N.Vanitha - Practicing Company Secretary, Hyderabad.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the 40th Annual General Meeting of the Members of Sophia TraexpoLimited will be held on Saturday, 30th September, 2023 at 2.00 p.m. at the Registered Office of the Company at 2nd Floor," 6-3-1090/B/1 & 2, 4th floor, Mayank Towers Raj Bhavan Road, Somajiguda, Hyderabad, Telangana, 500082, India, to transact the following business

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2023, together with the Reports of the Board of Directors and the Auditors thereonand, in this regard, to consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as Ordinary Resolution
 - "RESOLVED THAT the audited financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2023 and the reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon, as circulated to the Members, be and are hereby received, considered and adopted."
- 2. To appoint a director in the place of Mr. Yerrapragada Mallikarjuna Rao(holding DIN:00905266), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for reappointment as a Director.
 - "RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 152 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, Mr. Yerrapragada Mallikarjuna Rao (DIN: 00905266), who retires by rotation at this meeting, be and is hereby reappointed as a Director of the Company, whose period of office shall be liable to retire by rotation."

For and on behalf of the Board For SOPHIA TRAEXPO LIMITED

Sd/-

YERRAPRAGADA MALLIKARJUNARAO Chairman & Whole TimeDirector (DIN:00905266)

NOTES:

1. Notes: A member entitled to attend and vote at this Annual General Meeting (AGM) is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on a poll instead of himself / herself and such proxy need not be a member of the Company.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 105 of the Companies Act, 2013, a person can act as a proxy on behalf of not more than fifty members and holding in aggregate not more than ten percent of the total Share Capital of the Company. Members holding more than ten percent of the total Share Capital of the Company may appoint a single person as proxy, who shall not act as a proxy for any other Member. The instrument of Proxy, in order to be effective, should be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company, duly completed and signed, not later than 48 hours before the commencement of the meeting. A Proxy Form is annexed to this Report.

- 2. Members/proxies/authorized representatives are requested to bring their copies of Annual Report and produce duly filled in attendance slip at the entrance of the venue. Members holding shares in Demat form shall write their DP ID No. and Client ID and those holding in Physical form shall write their Folio No. in the attendance slip for attending the meeting. Copies of Annual Reports will not be provided at the meeting.
- Corporate members intending to send their authorized representatives to attend the meeting are
 requested to send a certified copy of the Board resolution to the Company, authorizing their
 representative to attend and vote on their behalf at the meeting.
- 4. The Register of Members and Share Transfer books of the Company will remain closed from 24th September, 2023 to 30th September, 2023 (both days inclusive) for the purpose of the AGM.
- 5. The International Securities Identification Number (ISIN) allotted to the Company's equity shares is INE268X01017. Trading in the equity shares of the Company through Stock Exchanges was made compulsory in dematerialized form. Shareholders are advised to open demat accounts with any of the Depository Participants (DPs) of their choice registered with NSDL and CDSL and convert their physical holding into electronic holding.
- 6. Members may also note that the Notice of the 40th AGM and the Annual Report 22-23 will be available on the Company's website,https://sophiatraexpo.com/wp-content/uploads/2023/09/Sophia-AR-2022-23.pdf. The physical copies of the documents will also be available at the Company's registered office for inspection during normal business hours on working days. Members desiring any information as regards accounts are requested to write to the Company to sophiatraexpolimited@gmail.com, at least seven days before the date of the meeting to enable the management to keep the information ready at the meeting.
- 7. Pursuant to the directions/notifications of Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) and Depositories, the demat account holders can operate their accounts if they had already provided Income Tax Permanent Account Number either at the time of opening of the account or at any time subsequently. In case they have not furnished the Income Tax Permanent Account Number to the Depository Participants, such demat account holders are requested to contact their DPs with a photocopy of the PAN Card (with original PAN Card for verification), so that the frozen demat accounts would be available for operation and further consequences of non-compliance with the aforesaid directives would be obviated. SEBI, vide Circular ref.no. MRD/DOP/CIR-05/2009 dated May 20, 2009 made it mandatory to have PAN particulars for registration of physical share transfer requests. Based on the directive contained in the said circular, all share transfer

- requests are therefore to be accompanied with PAN details. Members holding shares in physical form can submit their PAN details to the Company / RTA.
- 8. Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) vide its Circular dated November 3, 2021, December15, 2021 and March 16, 2023, has mandated the submission of PAN, KYC details and nomination by holders of physical securities by September 30, 2023. Members are requested to submit their PAN, KYC and nomination details to the RTA of the Company Venture Capital and Corporate Investments Pvt. Ltd. The format of mandatory KYC documents is available on the Company's Website www.sophiatraexpolimited.com. Members holding shares in electronic form are requested to submit their PAN to their depository participant(s). In case a holder of physical securities fails to furnish these details or link their PAN with Aadhaar before the due date, our registrars are obligated to freeze such folios. The securities in the frozen folios shall be eligible to receive payments (including dividend) and lodge grievances only after furnishing the complete documents. If the securities continue to remain frozen as on December 31,2025, the registrar/ the Company shall refer such securities to the administering authority under the Benami Transactions (Prohibitions) Act, 1988, and/ or the Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002.
- 9. In compliance with the aforesaid MCA Circulars and SEBI Circular dated January, 5, 2023, Notice of the AGM along with Annual Report 2022-23 is being sent only through electronic mode to those members whose e-mail addresses are registered with the Company / Depository Participants. Members may note that the Notice and the Annual Report 2022-23 will also be available on the Company's website at www.sophiatraexpolimited.com, on the website of the Stock Exchanges i.e., BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com and on the website of CDSL www.evotingindia.com.
- 10. To support 'Green Initiative', members who have not registered their email addresses are requested to register the same with the Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent/ their Depository Participants in respect of shares held in physical/electronic mode, respectively.
- 11. Members holding shares in electronic form are requested to intimate immediately any change in their address or bank mandates to their depository participants with whom they are maintaining their demat accounts, so as to enable the Company to dispatch dividend warrants to their correct address. Members holding shares in physical form are requested to notify/ send any change in their address and bank account details to the Company/ Registrar and Share Transfer Agents, M/s. Venture Capital and Corporate Investments Private Limited (VCCIPL). Members are encouraged to utilize Electronic Clearing System (ECS) for receiving dividends.
- 12. Non-Resident Indian Members are requested to inform **venture Capital & Corporate Investments Private Limited**, immediately of:
 - a. Change in their residential status on return to India for permanent settlement.
 - b. Particulars of their bank account maintained in India with complete name, branch, account type, account number and address of the Bank with pin code number, if not furnished earlier.
- 13 The Register of Director and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding, maintained under Section 170 of the Companies Act, 2013, will be available for inspection by the Members at the AGM.
- 14. The Securities and Exchange Board of India has mandated submission of Permanent Account Number (PAN) by every participant in securities market. Members holding shares in demat format,

therefore, requested to submit PAN details to the Depository Participants with whom they have demat accounts. Members holding shares in physical form can submit their PAN details to venture Capital & Corporate Investments Private Limited.

- 15. Pursuant to the requirement under Regulation 36(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the information about the directors proposed to be re-appointed or appointed is given in the notice.
- 16. Instruction about Remote e-voting:

The Members are requested to opt for one mode of Remote e-voting, i.e., either through e-voting or Remote e-voting at the AGM through ballot paper. If a Member casts votes by both modes, then Remote e-voting done through a valid Remote e-voting shall prevail and physical ballot form Remote e-voting of that Member shall be treated as invalid. Please refer the following detailed instructions for both modes Remote e-voting.

A) Remote e-voting through electronic means:

In compliance with provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Company is providing Members a facility to exercise their right to vote at the Physical Ballot by electronic means through e-Remote e-voting Services provided by Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL):

Details of Director seeking re-appointment at the 40th Annual General Meeting

[Pursuant to Regulation 36(3) SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 and Secretarial Standard - 2 on General Meetings]

(i) Mr. Yerrapragada Mallikarjunarao

Mr. Yerrapragada Mallikarjunarao who is proposed to be re-appointed, is given below:

Α	Name	Mr. Yerrapragada Mallikarjuna Rao	
	DIN	00905266	
	Date of Birth	10-08-1965	
	Date of first appointment	24-12-2016	
В	Brief Resume		
	Age	58 years	
	Qualification	Graduate (Degree in Commerce)	
	Experience in functional area	28 years	
	Date of appointment on the Board of the Company	24th December, 2016	
С	Nature of his expertise inspecific functional areas	He has an experience of 28 years in the Finance and Secretarial departments.	
D	Terms and Conditions of appointment /re-appointment	He is due for retirement by rotation at the ensuing AGM. Hence, he is being re- appointed in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.	
E	Relationship between Directors interse [as per section 2(77) of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 4 of the Companies (Specification of definitions details) Rules,2014]	He is not related to any other Director and or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company.	
F	Directorships held in other public companies (Excluding Section 8, private and foreign companies) (as on 31.03.2023)	 Source Industries India Limited Bhudevi Infra Projects Limited Jyoti Bio-Energy Limited 	
G	Listed entities in which the Director has resigned from directorship in the past three years	NIL	

Н	Name(s) of the companies in which committee Membership(s) held	Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee Member of Bhudevi Infra Projects Limited.	
		 Audit Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee Member of Source Industries (India) Limited 	
ı	Details of shareholding in the Company	NIL	
J	Last Remuneration drawn	Rs. 2,40,000 per annum	
K	No of Board Meetings attended during the year	5 out of 5	

CDSL e-Voting System – For Remote e-voting

THE INTRUCTIONS OF SHAREHOLDERS FOR REMOTE E-VOTING:

- **Step 1 :** Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.
- **Step 2:** Access through CDSL e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode.
- (i) The Remote e-voting period begins on 27th September 2023, 9 am and ends on 29th September 2023, 5pm. During this period shareholders of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date 23rd September 2023 may cast their vote electronically. The e-Remote e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for Remote e-voting thereafter.
- (ii) Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting venue.
- (iii) Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated 09.12.2020, under Regulation 44 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, listed entities are required to provide remote e-Remote e-voting facility to its shareholders, in respect of all shareholders' resolutions. However, it has been observed that the participation by the public non-institutional shareholder's/retail shareholders is at a negligible level.

Currently, there are multiple e-Remote e-voting service providers (ESPs) providing e-Remote e-voting facility to listed entities in India. This necessitates registration on various ESPs and maintenance of multiple user IDs and passwords by the shareholders.

In order to increase the efficiency of the Remote e-voting process, pursuant to a public consultation, it has been decided to enable e-Remote e-voting to all the demat account holders, by way of a single login credential, through their demat accounts/ websites of Depositories/ Depository Participants. Demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the ESPs, thereby, not only facilitating seamless authentication but also enhancing ease and convenience of participating in e-Remote e-voting process.

- **Step 1 :** Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.
- (iv) In terms of SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020 on e-Remote e-voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Remote e-voting facility.

Pursuant to above said SEBI Circular, Login method for e-Voting **for Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode CDSL/NSDL** is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	1. Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Remote e-voting page without any further authentication. The users to login to Easi / Easiest are requested to visit cdsl website www.cdslindia.com and click on login icon & New System Myeasi Tab.
Depository	2. After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Remote e-voting option for eligible companies where the eRemote e-voting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the eRemote e-voting option, the user will be able to see e-Remote e-voting page of the e-Remote e-voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Remote e-voting period or joining virtual meeting &Remote e-voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Remote e-voting Service Providers, so that the user can visit the e-Remote e-voting service providers' website directly.
	3. If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at cdsl website www.cdslindia.com and click on login & New System Myeasi Tab and then click on registration option.
	4. Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a e-Voting link available on www.cdslindia.com home page or click on https://evoting.cdslindia.com/Evoting/EvotingLogin The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the evoting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL Depository	1. If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Remote e-voting services. Click on "Access to e-Remote e-voting" under e-Remote e-voting services and you will be able to see e-Remote e-voting page. Click on company name or e-Remote e-voting service provider name and you will be re-directed to e-Remote e-voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Remote e-voting period.
	2. If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com. Select "Register Online for IDeAS "Portal or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp
	3. Visit the e-Remote e-voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.eRemote e-voting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Remote e-voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold

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	with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Remote e-voting page. Click on company name or e-Remote e-voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Remote e-voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Remote e-voting period.
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their Depository Participants (DP)	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Remote e-voting facility. After Successful login, you will be able to see e-Remote e-voting option. Once you click on e-Remote e-voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Remote e-voting feature. Click on company name or e-Remote e-voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Remote e-voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Remote e-voting period

<u>Important note</u>: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

<u>Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. CDSL and NSDL</u>

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.comor contact at 022-23058738 and 22-23058542-43.
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30

Step 2: Access through CDSL e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode.

- (v) Login method for Remote e-Remote e-voting for Physical shareholders and shareholders other than individual holding in Demat form.
 - (1) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com.
 - (2) Click on "Shareholders" module.
 - (3) Now enter your User ID
 - a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
 - b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
 - c. Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
 - (4) Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.

- (5) If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to www.evotingindia.com and voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
- (6) If you are a first-time user follow the steps given below:

	For Physical shareholders and other than individual shareholders holding shares in Demat.
PAN	 Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders) Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/ Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number sent by Company/RTA or contact Company/RTA.
Dividend Bank Details OR Date of Birth (DOB)	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login. • If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company, please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field.

- (vi) After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.
- (vii) Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- (viii) For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- (ix) Click on the EVSN for the Sophia Traexpo Limited on which you choose to vote.
- (x) On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- (xi) Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- (xii) After selecting the resolution, you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.
- (xiii) Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- (xiv) You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the e-voting page.
- (xv) If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.
- (xvi) There is also an optional provision to upload BR/POA if any uploaded, which will be made available to scrutinizer for verification.

(xvii) Additional Facility for Non - Individual Shareholders and Custodians -For Remote Remote e-voting only.

- Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves in the "Corporates" module.
- A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.
- After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote
- The list of accounts linked in the login will be mapped automatically & can be delink in case of any wrong mapping.
- It is Mandatory that, a scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required mandatory to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company at the email address viz; sophiatraexpolimited@gmail.com (designated email address by company), if they have voted from individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL e-voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHOSE EMAIL/MOBILE NO. ARE NOT REGISTERED WITH THE COMPANY/DEPOSITORIES.

- For Physical shareholders please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to Company/ RTA email id.
- For Demat shareholders -, Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective 2. Depository Participant (DP)
- For Individual Demat shareholders Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP) which is mandatory while e-Voting & joining virtual meetings through Depository.

If you have any queries or issues regarding attending AGM & e-Voting from the CDSL e-Voting System, you can write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at 022- 23058738 and 022-23058542/43.

All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Sr. Manager, (CDSL,) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai - 400013 or send an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or call on 022-23058542/43.

> "By the Order of Board of Directors of" For SOPHIA TRAEXPO LIMITED

> > Sd/-

YERRAPRAGADA MALLIKARJUNARAO Chairman & Whole TimeDirector

(DIN:00905266)

DIRECTOR'S REPORT

То

The Members.

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting the 40th Annual Report of '**Sophia Traexpo Limited**' (the Company) together with the Audited accounts for the financial year ended 31st March 2023.

FINANCIAL RESULTS:

The performance of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March 2023 is summarised below:

(Amount in Rs. Lakhs)

	•	<u> </u>
PARTICULARS	Financial Year 2022-23	Financial Year 2021-22
Revenue from Operations	-	-
Other Income	0.31	-
Total Revenue	0.31	-
Profit / loss Before Interest, Depreciation, and Taxes	(11.08)	(24.54)
less	-	-
Interest	-	-
Depreciation / Amortization	0.01	0.02
Net Profit / Loss Before Tax	(11.09)	(24.56)
Provision for Taxation	-	-
Net Profit / Loss After Tax	(11.09)	(24.56)

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE AND STATE OF COMPANY'S AFFAIRS:

During the year under review, company has not made any revenue and recorded a loss of Rs.11.09 lakhs as against loss of Rs.24.56 lakhs in the previous year due to operational and technical issues and the plant shutdown, Company could not register revenue in the current financial year.

DEPOSITS:

There were no outstanding deposits within the meaning of Section 73 and 74 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules made thereunder as on 31st March, 2023. Your Company did not accept any deposit during the period under review.

TRANSFER OF AMOUNT TO GENERAL RESERVE:

The Board of Directors of the Company has not recommended for transfer of any amount to the General Reserve for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2023.

DIVIDEND:

The Board of directors do not recommend any dividend for the year as at 31st March, 2023.

DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTION POLICY:

In term of Regulations 43A of SEBI Listing Regulations, the Board of Directors of the Company has adopted a Dividend Distribution Policy which can be accessed on the website of the Company: https://sophiatraexpo.com/wp-content/uploads/2023/02/Dividend-Distribution-Policy.pdf.

LISTING OF EQUITY SHARES:

The Company shares are listed in BSE Limited and are infrequently traded.

The authorised Share Capital of the Company is Rs. 6,00,00,000 and Paidup Capital of the Company is Rs. 5,10,00,000

There is no change in share capital: -

- The company has not bought back any of its securities.
- The company has not issued any Sweat Equity Shares.
- No Bonus shares were issued during the year.
- Company has not issued any Preference shares/Debentures.
- Company has not provided any Stock Option Scheme.

DIRECTORS & KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONAL:

Appointment / Re-appointment

There was no Director(s) who ceased / re-elected / re-appointed, during the year under review.

Retirement by Rotation

In accordance with the provisions of Section 152 of the Act, read with rules made there under and Articles of Association of your Company, Mr. Yerrapragada Mallikarjuna Rao (DIN: 00905266) is liable to retire by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting (AGM) and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

DECLARATION BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS:

All Independent Directors of the Company have given requisite declarations under Section 149(7) of the Act, that they meet the criteria of independence as laid down under Section 149(6) of the Act along with Rules framed there under, Regulation 16(1)(b) of SEBI Listing Regulations and have complied with the Code of Conduct of the Company as applicable to the Board of directors and Senior Managers. In terms of Regulation 25(8) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Independent Directors have confirmed that they are not aware of any circumstance or situation, which exists or may be reasonably anticipated, that could impair or impact their ability to discharge their duties with an objective independent judgement and without any external influence. The Company has received confirmation from all the Independent Directors of their registration on the Independent Directors Database maintained by the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs, in terms of Section 150 read with Rule 6 of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014.

In the opinion of the Board, the Independent Directors possess the requisite expertise and experience and are persons of high integrity and repute. They fulfill the conditions specified in the Act as well as the Rules made there under and are independent of the management

Independent Directors of the company have additionally met 1 time in the financial year 2022-23 i.e. 06th September, 2022 including for:-

- a. To review the performance of non?independent Directors and the Board as a whole,
- b. To review the performance of Board taking into account the views of executive and non?executive directors;

To assess the quality, quantity and timeliness of flow of information between the company management and the Board which is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform their duties.

FAMILIARIZATION PROGRAMME FOR INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS:

The Company familiarizes its Independent Directors with their roles, rights, responsibilities in the Company, nature of the industry in which the Company operates, etc., through various programmes. These include orientation programme upon induction of new Director, as well as other initiatives to update the Directors on an ongoing basis Further, the Company also makes periodic presentations at the Board and Committee meetings on various aspects of the Company's operations including on Health and Safety,Sustainability, Performance updates of the Company, Industry scenario, Business Strategy, Internal Control and risks involved and Mitigation Plan. The details of the Familiarization Programme for Independent Directors for FY 2022-23 is disclose on the Company's website https://sophiatraexpo.com/wp-content/uploads/2023/02/poicy-on-familiarisation-for-ID.pdf.

APPOINTMENT OF THE REGISTRAR & SHARE TRANSFER AGENT:

Venture Capital and Corporate Investments Private Limited is the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent (RTA) of the Company. Members may contact the RTA for resolving any query related to shares or for effecting transfer of shares, etc.

CODE OF CONDUCT:

The Company has in place a comprehensive Code of Conduct (the Code), pursuant to Regulation 17(5) of Listing Regulations, applicable to all the senior management personnel and directors including independent directors to such extent as may be applicable to them depending on their roles and responsibilities. The Code covers duties of independent directors also gives guidance and support needed for ethical conduct of business and compliance of law.

Further a policy on obligation of directors and senior management personnel for disclosure of committee positions and commercial transitions pursuant to Regulation 26(2) (5) and (6) of Listing Regulation is in place.

All the Directors and senior management confirmed the compliance of code of conduct. The Company has posted the Code of Conduct for Directors and Senior Management on the website of the company at https://sophiatraexpo.com/wp-content/uploads/2023/02/Code-of-conduct-of-directors.pdf

REMUNERATION POLICY

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee will recommend the remuneration in whatever form/fee to be paid to the Managing Director, Whole-time Director, other Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Personnel to the Board for their approval. The level and composition of remuneration/fee so determined by the Committee shall be reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management of the quality required to run the Company successfully. The relationship of remuneration/fee to performance should be clear and meet appropriate performance benchmarks. The remuneration should also involve a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long-term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the Company and its goals.

A. DIRECTOR/ MANAGING DIRECTOR

Besides the above Criteria, the Remuneration/compensation/commission/fee/incentives to be paid to Director/Managing Director/Whole Time Director shall be governed as per provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder or any other enactment for the time being in force. If any director draws or receives, directly or indirectly, by way of remuneration any such sums in excess of the limit prescribed by this section or without approval of members by way of Special Resolution, where required, he shall refund such sums to the company, within two years or such lesser period as may be allowed by the Company.

B. NON EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS INCLUDING INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

The Non-Executive Directors (including Independent Directors) may receive remuneration by way of sitting fees for attending meetings of Board or Committee thereof. Provided that the amount of such fees shall be subject to ceiling/ limits as provided under Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder or any other enactment for the time being in force.

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

i. Details of Remuneration paid to the Directors for the financial year ended 31st March, 2023.

Name of Director	Salary	Benefits	Commission	Bonuses	Stock Option & Pension	Sitting Fee	Total
Yerrapragada Mallikarjuna Rao	2,40,000	-	-	-	-	-	2,40,000
Durga Venkata Vara Chadalawada Prasad Rao	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Srinivasarao Bolla							
Lakshmi Satyasri Nekkanti							

During the year under review, the Company had not paid the sitting fees and had not reimbursed out of pocket expenses incurred for attending the meeting of the Board/Committees to the Non-Executive Directors including Independent Directors of the Company.

ii. Pecuniary Transactions

There are no pecuniary relationships or transactions of Non-Executive Directors vis-a-vis the Company that have a potential conflict with the interests of the Company.

CODE OF CONDUCT FOR PREVENTION OF INSIDER TRADING:

Code of Conduct for the Prevention of Insider Trading is in accordance with the requirements specified in the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 and the Board has adopted the same. Insider Trading Policy explains the guidelines and procedures to be followed and disclosures to be made while dealing with shares as well as the consequences of violation of norms. Insider Trading Policy is available on the website of the Company https://sophiatraexpo.com/wp-content/uploads/2023/02/Code-of-conduct-of-directors.pdf

KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL:

In terms of Section 203 of the Companies Act,2013 the Key Managerial Personnel ('KMPs') of the Company during FY 2022-23 are:

- 1. Yerrapragada Mallikarjuna Rao is Whole Time Director and Chief Financial Officer of the Company.
- 2. Medatati Raghavender Rao is Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company.

MEETINGS OF BOARD:

During the year, the Board of Directors met 5 times, i.e., 23rd May 2022, 11th August 2022, 6th September 2022, 12th November 2022 and 13th February 2023. The maximum interval between any two meetings did not exceed 120 days.

COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD:

The Committees of the Board focus on certain specific areas and make informed decisions in line with the delegated authority.

The following Committees constituted by the Board function according to their respective roles and defined scope:

- a. Audit Committee
- b. Nomination and Remuneration Committee
- c. Stakeholders' Relationship Committee

The composition of the Board and the number of directorships and committee positions held by the Directors as on 31st March, 2023, are as under:

Director	Category	No. of Other Director ship(s)	Number of Membership (s)/Chairmanship(s)** of Board Committees in other Companies as on 31.03.2023	No. of Board Meeting attended	Whether attended the last AGM (Yes/ No)
Yerrapragada Mallikarjuna Rao	Whole Time Director & CFO	2	i. Bhudevi Infra Projects Limited: Chairman of Audit Committee ii. Source Industries (India) Limited Chairman of Audit Committee Chairman of Stakeholders Relationship Committee.	5	Yes
Durga Venkata Vara Chadalawada Prasad Rao	Independent Director	Nil	Nil	5	Yes
Srinivasaro Bolla	Independent Director	Nil	Nil	5	Yes
Lakshmi Satyasri Nekkanti	Independent Director	1	2 i. Source Industries (India) Limited. Chairman of Audit Committee Chairman of Stakeholders Relationship Committee. ii. Rich 'N' Rich Finance and Holding Limited. Chairman of Audit Committee Chairman of Stakeholders Relationship Committee.	5	Yes

Notes:

^{*} Excludes Directorships in Private Limited Companies, Foreign Companies and Section 8 Companies.

^{**} Only Audit Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee have been considered in terms of Regulation.

26 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. ("Listing Regulations"). Membership includes Chairmanship.

All Directors are in compliance with the limit on Directorships as prescribed under Regulation 17A of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. None of the Directors are related to each other

Independent Director Means Director as mandated in Listing Regulations and Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013. All the Independent Directors have given the declaration of their independence at the beginning of the financial year.

None of the Directors on the Board:

- is a member of more than 10 Board level committees and Chairman of 5 such committees across all the Public Companies in which he or she is a Director;
- holds directorships in more than ten public Companies;
- serves as Director or as Independent Director (ID) in more than seven listed entities; and who are the
 Executive Directors serves as ID in more than three listed entities. All the Directors of the Company are
 appointed/ re-appointed by the Shareholders on the basis of recommendations of the Board and
 Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

AUDIT COMMITTEE:

The management is responsible for the Company's internal controls and the financial reporting process while the statutory auditors are responsible for performing independent audits of the Company's financial statements in accordance with generally accepted auditing practices and for issuing reports based on such audits. The Board of Directors has constituted and entrusted the Audit Committee with the responsibility to Supervise these processes and thus ensure accurate and timely disclosures that maintain the transparency, integrity and quality of financial control and reporting. The constitution of the Audit Committee also meets with the requirements of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Listing Regulations.

The Audit Committee comprises of Independent Directors and Non-Executive Directors. All members of the Audit Committee are financially literate and bring in expertise in the fields of finance, economics, strategy and management.

During the financial year 2022-23, the Audit Committee met four times viz., on 23rd May, 2022, 11th August, 2022,12th November 2022 and 13th February 2023. The below table gives the composition and attendance record of the Audit Committee and the Company Secretary of the Company act as the secretary of the Committee

The Composition, Number of meetings held/attended during the financial year of the Audit Committee is as follows:

Sr. No.	Name	Position	Number of meetings during the financial y	
			Held	Attended
1	Lakshmi Nekkanti Satyasri	Chairman	4	4
2	Srinivasarao Bolla	Member	4	4
3	Durga Venkata Vara Member Chadalawada Prasad Rao		4	4

NOMINATION & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE:

The Board has constituted Nomination & Remuneration Committee consisting of three Independent Directors and one Non-Independent Director. The terms of reference of the Committee covers evaluation of compensation and benefits for Executive Director(s), Non-Executive Director(s), Senior Management Employees, framing of policies and systems of the Employee Stock Appreciations Rights Plan 2021 and looking after the issues relating to major HR policies.

During the financial year 2022-23, the Committee met one time i.e., on 06th September 2022.

The below table gives the composition and attendance record of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee and the Company Secretary of the Company act as the secretary of the Committee.

Sr. No.	Name	Name Position		Number of meetings during the financial year		
			Held	Attended		
1	Srinivasarao Bolla	Chairman	1	1		
2	Lakshmi Satya Sri Nekkanti	Member	1	1		
3	Durga Venkata Vara Chadalawada Prasad Rao	Member	1	1		

STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE:

The Board has constituted Stakeholders Relationship Committee consisting of majority of Independent Directors and a Non-Executive Director.

The Stakeholders Relationship Committee is empowered toperform the functions of the Board relating to handling of stakeholders' queries and grievances.

During the financial year 2022-23, the Committee met four time i.e., 23rd May,2022, 11th August, 2022,12th November 2022 and 13th February 2023. The below table gives the composition and attendance record of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee. The Company Secretary of the Company act as the secretary of the Committee and also designated as Compliance Officer.

Sr. No.	Name Position		Number of meetings during the financial year		
			Held	Attended	
1	Durga Venkata Vara Chadalawada Prasad Rao	Chairman	4	4	
2	Lakshmi Nekkanti Satyasri	Member	4	4	
3	Srinivasarao Bolla	Member	4	4	

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS:

There were no loans, guarantees or investment made by the company under section 186 of the Companies Act 2013, during the financial year 2022-23.

PREVENTION OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT THE WORKPLACE:

As per the requirements of The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013. The Company has zero tolerance for sexual harassment at workplace and has

adopted a Policy on Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal of Sexual Harassment at workplace in line with the provisions of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace(Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and Rules framed there under.

During F.Y.2022-23 the Company had received 0 complaints on sexual harassment.

	a.	number of complaints filed during the financial year	Nil
	b.	number of complaints disposed of during the financial year	Nil
Ī	C.	number of complaints pending as on end of the financial year	Nil

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:

Pursuant to the requirement of Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 and based on the representations received from the management, the directors hereby confirm that:

- i. In the preparation of the annual accounts for the financial year 2022-23, the applicable accounting standards have been followed and there are no material departures.
- ii. They have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit of the Company for the financial year;
- iii. They have taken proper and sufficient care to the best of their knowledge and ability for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act. They confirm that there are adequate systems and controls for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- iv. They have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- v. They have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and operating properly; and
- vi. They have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

VIGILANCE MECHANISM / WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY:

The Company has adopted a Whistle Blower Policy and has established the necessary vigil mechanism for itsemployees and Directors to report concerns about any unethical and improper activity. No person has been denied access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee. The Whistle Blower policy is uploaded on the website of the Company at https://sophiatraexpo.com/wp-content/uploads/2023/02/Vigil-Mechanism-Policy.pdf.

RISK MANAGEMENT:

The Company has adopted a Risk Management Policy in accordance with the provisions of the Act and Regulation 17(9) of the SEBI Listing Regulations. It establishes various levels of risks with its varying levels of probability, the likely impact on the business and its mitigation measures. The Internal Auditor evaluates the execution of Risk Management Practices in the Company, in the areas of risk identification, assessment, monitoring, mitigation and reporting.

RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY:

The Company has developed and implementing a risk management policy which includes the identification there in of elements of risk, which in the opinion of the board may threaten the existence of the Company.

AUDIT:

STATUTORY AUDITORS:

In terms of section 139(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, M/s. NSVR & Associates LLP (Firm Regn. No. 008801S/S200060) were appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the Company at 39th AGM for a period of 5 years till the conclusion of 44th Annual General Meeting by the members of the Company.

AUDITORS' REPORT:

There are no qualifications, reservations or adverse remarks made by M/s NSVR & Associates LLP (Firm Regn.No.008801S/ S200060), Statutory Auditors in their report for the Financial Year ended 31st March,2023. The Statutory Auditors have not reported any incident of fraud to the Audit Committee of the Company under sub-section (12) of section143 of the Companies Act, 2013, during the year under review.

INTERNAL AUDITORS:

The Board of Directors based on the recommendation of the Audit Committee has re-appointed Ms. Sravanti Karuturi, Chartered Accountant (Membership No.239567) Hyderabad, as the Internal Auditor of your Company. The Internal Auditors are submitting their Reports on quarterly basis pursuant to the provisions of section 138 and rule 13 of companies (Accounts) rules, 2014.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS AND THEIR ADEQUACY:

According to Section 134(5)(e) of the Companies Act, 2013 the term Internal Financial Control (IFC) means the policies and procedures adopted by the company for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, safeguarding of its assets, prevention and detection of frauds, errors, accuracy and completeness of the accounting records and timely preparation of financial information. Company has well placed, proper and adequate internal financial control system, commensurate with the size, scale and complexity of its operations. The scope and authority of the Internal Audit function is well defined in the Organization. The internal financial control system ensures that all assets are safeguarded and protected and that the transactions are authorized, recorded and reported correctly. Internal Auditors independently evaluate the adequacy of internal controls and audit the transactions. Independence of the audit and compliance is ensured by timely supervision of the Audit Committee over Internal Audit findings. Significant audit observations and corrective actions as suggested are presented to the Audit Committee on regularly basis.

SECRETARIAL AUDITOR:

In terms of the provisions of Section 204 of the Act read with the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, The Board had appointed M/s. N. Vanitha, Practicing Company Secretary, Hyderabad was appointed to conduct the Secretarial Audit of the Company for the financial year 2022-23, as required under Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder. The secretarial audit report for FY 2022-2023 is given in Form No: MR 3 is herewith annexed as **Annexure-I** attached hereto and forms part of this Report.

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT:

There are no qualifications, reservations or adverse remarks made by M/s. N.Vanitha, Practicing Company Secretary in their report for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2023.

MAINTENANCE OF COST RECORDS:

The maintenance of cost records as specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013, is not applicable to the Company and accordingly such accounts and records are not required to be made and maintained.

COST AUDITORS:

The appointment of Cost Auditors as specified under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013, is not applicable to the Company.

REPORTING OF FRAUDS BY AUDITORS:

During FY 2022-23 under review, neither the Statutory Auditors nor the Secretarial Auditor have reported to the Audit Committee of the Board, under Section 143(12) of the Act, any instances of fraud committed against your Company by its officers or employees, the details of which would need to be mentioned in this Report.

RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY:

The Company has developed and implementing a risk management policy which includes the identification there in of elements of risk, which in the opinion of the board may threaten the existence of the Company.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR):

Pursuant to the provisions of section 135(1) and read with all other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Corporate social responsibility policy) Rules,2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force), corporate social responsibility is not applicable to the Company during the financial year 2022-23.

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE OUTGO:

Information required under section134 (3) (m) of the Companies Act,2013, read with Rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, is enclosed herewith as **Annexure-II**.

OPERATIONS:

Our reputation for excellence and integrity earned through the consistent delivery of quality work & by adhering the standard of business conduct through principles of Corporate Governance continues to be most valuable assets. As we position ourselves for the future, our standard of excellence, integrity and accountability will serve us well. Further, no material events, commitment and changes occurred between the end of the financial year of the company to which the financial statements relate and to the date of this Report.

ANNUAL RETURN:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 134(3)(a) and Section 92(3) of the Act read with Rule 12 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, the draft of the Annual Return of your Company is uploaded on the website of your Company and can be accessed at https://sophiatraexpo.com/investors/#.

SUBSIDIARIES:

The Company has no subsidiaries and joint ventures as on 31st March, 2023.

CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES:

There are no materially significant related party transactions made by the Company with Promoters, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or other designated persons which may have a potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS:

Pursuant to Regulation 34(2)(e) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, are part of Management Discussion & Analysis is herewith annexed as **Annexure-III**.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE: N.A.

Company is having paid up equity share capital of Rs.510 Lakhs which is not exceeding Rs.10 crore and Net worth of Rs. 449.27 Lakhs, which is not exceeding Rs.25 crores, as on the last day of the financial year 2022-23. Hence the provisions of Regulations17,18,19,20,21,22,23,24,25,26,27 and clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation 2 of Regulation 46 and para C, D & E of Schedule V of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, are not applicable to the Company.

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES:

The information required pursuant to Section 197(12) read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, in respect of employees of the Company is herewith annexed as **Annexure-IV**.

LISTING FEE:

Your Company's shares are presently listed and traded on the BSE Limited; Your Company is regular in paying the listing fee to the BSE Limited.

HUMAN RESOURCES:

Your Company considers its Human Resources as the key to achieve its objectives. Keeping this in view, your Company takes utmost care to attract and retain quality employees. The employees are sufficiently empowered and such work environment propels them to achieve higher levels of performance. The unflinching commitment of the employees is the driving force behind the Company's vision. Your Company appreciates the spirit of its dedicated employees.

SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS:

There are no significant material orders passed by the Regulators /Courts/ Tribunals which would impact the going concern status of the Company and its future operations.

MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY:

There were no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company that have occurred between the end of the Financial Year 2022-23 of the Company and the date of this report.

CHANGE IN REGISTERED OFFCIE OF THE COMPANY

The Change in Registered Office of the Company within the Local limit of the city i.e. from 2nd Floor, Jyothi Pinnacle, Survey No.11, Kondapur Village Serilingampally Mandal and Municipality, Hyderabad, Telangana 500084 to 6-3-1090/B/1 & 2, 4th floor, Mayank Towers Raj Bhavan Road, Somajiguda Somajiguda Khairatabad Hyderabad Telangana, 500082 India with effect from 25th May 2023.

SECRETARIAL STANDARDS:

The Company has devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND:

Refer Report on Corporate Governance para on Transfer of unclaimed / unpaid amounts / shares to the Investor Education and Protection Fund ('IEPF') for additional details.

DETAILS OF DIFFERENCE BETWEEN AMOUNT OF THE VALUATION DONE AT THE TIME OF ONE-TIME SETTLEMENT AND THE VALUATION DONE WHILE TAKING LOAN FROM THE BANKS OR FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS ALONG WITH THE REASONS THEREOF:

Not Applicable

GREEN INITIATIVE IN CORPORATE GOVERNANCE:

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has taken a green initiative in Corporate Governance by allowing paperless compliances by the Companies and permitted the service of Annual Reports and documents to the shareholders through electronic mode subject to certain conditions and your Company continues to send Annual Reports and other communications in electronic mode to the members who have registered their email addresses with your Company/RTA.

OTHER DISCLOSURES:

- The WTD & CFO of the Company is not drawing any remuneration or commission from any of the subsidiary of the Company.
- There were no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of your Company between the end of the financial year and the date of this report except the Change in Registered Office of the Company
- Your Company has not issued any shares with differential Remote e-voting rights/sweat equity shares.
- There was no revision in the Financial Statements.
- There has been no change in the nature of business of your Company as on the date of this report.
- There are no proceedings, either filed by Company or filed against Company, pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 as amended, before National Company Law Tribunal or other courts during the FY 2022-23

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS:

Your Directors wish to express their gratitude to the central and state government, investors, analysts, financial institutions, banks, business associates and customers, the medical profession, distributors and suppliers for their whole-hearted support. Your directors commend all the employees of your company for their continued dedication, significant contributions, hard work and commitment.

For and on behalf of the Board For SOPHIA TRAEXPO LIMITED

Sd/-YERRAPRAGADA MALLIKARJUNARAO Chairman & Whole TimeDirector (DIN:00905266)

Date: 29.08.2023 Place: Hyderabad.

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Annexure - I

FORM NO. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

For the Financial year ended 31st March, 2023

(Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel)

Tο

The Members,

SOPHIA TRAEXPO LIMITED

6-3-1090/B/1 & 2, 4th floor, Mayank Towers Raj Bhavan Road, Somajiguda, Hyderabad Telangana - 500082, India.

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliances of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **Sophia Traexpo Limited** (herein after called the company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the **Sophia Traexpo Limited**, books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has during the audit period covering the financial year ended on **31**st **March**, **2023** complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board process and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

- 1. We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and return field and other records maintained by Sophia Traexpo Limited for the Financial Year ended on 31st March, 2023 according to the provisions of:
 - i. The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made there under;
 - ii. The Securities Contract (Regulation) Act, 1956 (SCRA) and the rules made there under;
 - iii. The Depositories Act, 1996 and Regulations and Bye Laws framed there under;
 - iv. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made there under to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial borrowing (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period);
 - v. The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 (SEBI Act)
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (LODR);
 - b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011(SAST);(No instances for compliance requirements during the year);

- c) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;(No instances for compliance requirements during the year);
- d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 (ICDR) and amendments from time to time:
- e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and sweat equity) Regulations, 2021 (No instances for compliance requirements during the year);
- f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non Convertable Securities) Regulations, 2021; (No instances for compliance requirements during the year)
- g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;(No instances for compliance requirements during the year)
- h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021 (No instances for compliance requirements during the year); and
- i) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018 (No instances for compliance requirements during the year);

There is no other specific law which is applicable to the Company as the Company is operating as management consultant of a factory.

- 2. We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following and report that:
 - (a) Secretarial Standards SS-1 and SS-2 with respect to meetings of the board of directors and general meetings respectively issued and notified by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India which came into force w.e.f. 1st July, 2015 under the provisions of section 118(10) of the Act.
 - (b) During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Companies Act, Rules, Secretarial Standards, etc. mentioned above except that in case of filing of few forms / returns with delay by paying additional amount.
- **3.** During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

We further report that:

- a. The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. There were no changes in the composition of the Board of Directors during the period under review.
- b. Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.
- c. All the decisions at the Board Meetings and Committee Meetings have been carried out unanimously as recorded in the Minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors or Committee of the Board, as the case maybe.

SOTHIA TRAEATO LIMITED	
d. There are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensuand operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with rules, regulations and guidelines.	
Date: 29-08-2023 Place: Hyderabad UDIN : A02	Sd/- N.Vanitha M.No.A26859 C.P.No.10573 26859E000883660
Note: This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as 'forms an integral part of this report	Annexure A' and

'Annexure - A'

To
The Members,
SOPHIA TRAEXPO LIMITED
6.2.1000/P/1.8.2.4th floor M

6-3-1090/B/1 & 2, 4th floor, Mayank Towers, Raj Bhavan Road, Somajiguda, Hyderabad, Telangana, 500082, India.

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the company.
- 4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 5. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records, standards and procedures followed by the Company with respect to secretarial compliances.
- 6. We believe that audit evidence and information provided by the Company's management is adequate and appropriate for us to provide a basis for our opinion.
- 7. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- 8. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

Sd/-N.Vanitha M.No.A26859 C.P.No.10573

UDIN: A026859E000883660

Annexure: II

Conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo (Particulars pursuant to the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

A. Conservation of Energy:

Energy Conservation measure taken - "NIL"

Impact of the clause (1) and (2) above for reduction of energy consumption and consequent impact on the production of goods-"NIL"

B. Technology Absorption:

- 1. Efforts, in brief, made towards technology absorption, adoption and innovation: "NIL"
- 2. Benefits derived as a result of the above efforts, Ex; product improvement, costreduction, product development, import substitution etc.: "NIL"
- 3. Import of technology: "NIL"

C. Research and Development:

- Specific areas in which R& D carried out by the Company
 Benefits derived as a result of the above R&D
 Nil
- 3. Future plan of action :Nil
- 4. Expenditure on R &D
 - a) Capitalb) Recurringc) TotaliNiliNil
 - d) Total Expenditure on R & D as a percentage of total turnover : Nil

A. Foreign Exchange Earnings and outgo.

Foreign Exchange earnings during the year is Rs. 0 (ZERO) & Outflow is Rs.0 (ZERO).

For and on behalf of the Board For SOPHIA TRAEXPO LIMITED

(DIN:00905266)

Sd/-YERRAPRAGADA MALLIKARJUNARAO Chairman & Whole TimeDirector

Annexure- III

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

A. INDUSTRY STRUCTURE & DEVELOPMENTS GLOBAL PAPER INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

The Global Paper & Paperboard Packaging Market is expected to grow at a CAGR of 3.6% over medium to long term and reach USD 264 billion driven by expansion of businesses globally by 2025.

World paper output is expected to increase to 450 million metric tonnes by the year 2023 from 410 million in 2017. With Global economies transitioning towards digital interface the paper industry are undergoing a structural change. However, the Paper has found new applications across categories, like packaging, paper bags, paper towels / tissues, etc. The paper industry is witnessing the end of dominance by traditional Western Markets and a new, more competitive business environment is taking shape giving rise to dynamic playing fields for the world's paper, tissue and packaging board industry.

The worlds three largest paper producing countries - China, the United States and Japan, collectively account for approximately half of the world's total paper production. Last couple of years has been better for the paper industry as there have been few capacity withdrawals which helped to improve the utilization of the existing capacities.

The graphic paper market is expected to continue to face declining demand worldwide. But this decline should be balanced by the increase in demand for packaging - industrial as well as consumer and tissue products. All in all, demand for fibre-based products is set to increase globally with some segments growing faster than others. The one hazy spot in demand might be concerns over how fast it will grow in China. Given Chinas weight in the global paper and board market, even relatively modest slowdown can have significant impact.

Impact on Paper Industry post COVID-19

Noble Corona virus outbreaks have developed across the globe and are causing widespread concerns and hardship for consumers and business alike. With number of COVID-19 rising, the Anxiety levels are also on the rise. The manufacturing sector has been facing quite a few challenges like lower demand and uncertain outlook, the paper manufacturers are a no exceptions to this.

INDIAN PAPER INDUSTRY

India holds 15th rank among paper producing countries in the world, however, the countrys share in global paper demand is gradually increasing with rising domestic demand while demand in the western nations is contracting.

The Indian paper industry has continued to witness steady growth and the domestic demand grew from 9.3 million tonnes in FY08 to 17.1 million tonnes in FY18 at a CAGR of 6.3%. Overall paper demand is expected to grow at a CAGR of 6-7% and is likely to reach approximately 22 million tonnes in 2022-23

The per capita consumption of paper in India currently stands at about 13 kg which is relatively lower compared to global average which stands at 57 Kg per capita and 40 kg per capita for Asian peers. However, the per capita consumption is expected to touch about 17 Kg by 2024-25.

The paper Industry is fragmented with over 750 paper mills, of which less than 100 mills have a capacity of 50,000 TPA or more. Most of the paper mills are in existence for a long time and hence the existing technologies fall in a wide spectrum ranging from oldest to the most modern. However, the focus of paper industry is now shifting towards more eco-friendly products and technology. The mills use a variety of raw material viz. wood, bamboo, recycled fibre, bagasse, wheat straw, rice husk etc. The specie wise share is 30-35% wood based, 45-50% recycled fibre based and 20-22% agro residue based raw material

The Indian Paper Industry currently has a turnover (net of taxes) of approximately 70,000 Crores and contributes over 5,000 Crores per annum to the national exchequer. Even more importantly it provides employment opportunities to over 2 million people directly and indirectly, mostly in rural areas.

Raw material concerns

The availability of raw-material has always been a matter of concern for the Industry. Against the current demand of 11 million TPA for pulp able wood by paper Industry, domestic availability is 9 million TPA only. The projected demand is expected to increase significantly, and hence the Industry has been requesting the Government to allot degraded revenue and forest lands. This will not only fulfil the requirement of raw-material, but also would result in employment generation for rural unskilled population. However, the government has not considered the request. Nevertheless, the Industry in general has taken initiatives by taking up Farm / Social Forestry programme whereby plantation is taken in a big way on the unproductive revenue land and thus generating not only income to the farmers but also providing employment to the rural unskilled population.

B. OPPORTUNITIES AND THREATS PAPER DIVISION

With the growth in GDP, the low per capita consumption of Paper & Paperboard in the Country is bound to improve, resulting in increased consumption of paper. As against the present per capita consumption of 13 kg, every one kg incremental per capita consumption results in additional demand of more than one million ton a year. This indicates there is a lot of scope for growth of paper demand in India.

Increasing population and literacy rate, improvement in manufacturing sector and changing lifestyle of individuals are expected to further boost the demand of paper in India. Additionally, increasing environmental concerns and awareness resulting in ban on single use plastic material by many states and the thrust of the Union Govt. to ban it in a phased manner, has opened up new market for paper industry.

However, there is increasing threat from imported paper as the Import duty on Paper & Paperboard for ASEAN countries has been reduced to Zero since 2014, which resulted in cheaper imports of 2.90 million tonnes of paper in 2018-19 from ASEAN Countries, with 8 Year CAGR of 33.51%. Overall Imports of paper was 14.78 million tonnes in the year 2018-19 with 8 year CAGR of 13.54%. During the 9 months period between April-December 2019, the overall paper and paperboard (excluding newsprint) imports has increased by 16% to approximately 1.3 million metric tonnes from approximately 1.1 million metric tonnes for the corresponding period of the previous year.

Imposition of definite Anti-Dumping duty in benchmark form by Govt. of India from 04.12.2018 for a period of 3 years on import of copier paper from Indonesia, Thailand and Singapore has not yielded desired result and still there is large price gap between imported and Indian copier paper.

Performance Review

Discussion on Financial Performance with respect to Operational Performance:

1. Total Income:

During the year under review Sophia Traexpo Limited did not make any income due to plant shutdown.

2. Share Capital:

The paidup share capital as on 31st March, 2023 is 5,10,00,000/- divided into 51,00,000 fully paidup equity shares of Rs.10/-each

3. Net Profit:

The Company Registered a loss of Rs. (11.09) lacks during the year.

4. Earnings PerShare (EPS):

The Earning per Share for the Financial Year 2022-23 is (0.22)

Your directors are putting continuous efforts to increase the performance of the Company and are hopeful that the performance in coming year will overcome from the present situation.

Outlook

To resume the growth path, your Company is taking necessary steps such as expanding its e-commerce footprint making deliveries. Your Company is continuously working on various cost-optimization measures including rental renegotiation, closure of unviable stores and digitalization drive across the organization, etc., to eliminate redundancies. Your Company continues to focus on stylish, comfortable and durable quality products so as to be ahead of competition. Your Company is also working aggressively on increasing its reach to customers.

Risks and concerns:

The identified risk and concern before your Company are competitive business environment, changing consumer preferences, cheap and under invoiced imports, inadequate infrastructure, steep increase in rental cost and labour wages, unexpected changes in raw material prices, changes in the customers" shopping preference, foreign currency exposure, large unorganized sector in comparison to organized, lack of skilled labour, increase in environmental issues and inadequate investment are considered as risk factors. Your Company monitors its major risks and concerns at regular intervals. Appropriate steps are taken in consultations with all concerned including the Risk Management Committee and Audit Committee of the Board to mitigate such risks.

Internal Control Systems and adequacy

The Company has proper and adequate internal control systems to ensure that all assets are safeguarded and protected against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and the transactions are authorized, recorded and reported correctly. The internal control system provides for well documented policies, guidelines, authorizations approvals and procedures. The observations arising out of audit are subject to periodic review, compliance and monitoring. The significant observations, made in internal audit reports, along with the status of action thereon are reviewed by the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors on a regular basis for future appropriate action, if deemed necessary

Human resource:

Your company recognizes that the human resources are the most crucial factor for achieving sustained growth over the years. The management considers it's highly motivated and passion driven workforce as its partner in the growth of the company.

Disclosure of Accounting Treatment:

Where in the preparation of financial statements, a treatment different from that prescribed in an Accounting Standard has been followed, the fact shall be disclosed in the financial statements, together with the management's explanation as to why it believes such alternative treatment is more representative of the true and fair view of the underlying business transaction.

Details of significant changes (i.e. change of 25% or more as compared to the immediately previous financial year) in key financial ratios, along with detailed explanations therefor, including:

SI No	Particulars	FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22	Change	Items Included in Numerator	Items Included in Denominator	Reason for change
1	Current Ratio (No of times)	32.73	32.89	-0.50%	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	
2	Debt Equity Ratio (No of times)	0.05	0.05	1.17%	Total Debt	Share holders Equity	
3	Return on Equity Ratio (No of times)	-0.01	-0.05	-78.05%	Net profit after tax	Average Shareholders's Equity	Due to Losses
4	Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio (No of times)	-	-	-	Credit Sales	Average trade receivables	
5	Inventory Turnover Ratio (No of times)	-	-	-	Raw Material consumed	Average Inventory	
6	Debt service coverage Ratio (No of times)	-	-	-	Profit/(Loss) before exceptional items and tax + interest on borrowings	Interest on borrowings + Repayment of borrowings	
7	Trade Payable turnover Ratio (No of times)	-	-	-	Cost of Average Trade material Payable Consumed		
8	Net Capital turnover Ratio (No of times)	-	-	-	Revenue from Operations Working capital		
9	Net Profit Ratio %	-	-	-	Net profit after tax	Revenue from Operations	
10	Return on Capital employed	-0.02	-0.08	-77.21%	Earnings before interest and taxes(EBIT)	Capital Employed (pre cash)	Due to Losses

For and on behalf of the Board For SOPHIA TRAEXPO LIMITED

Sd/-YERRAPRAGADA MALLIKARJUNARAO Chairman & Whole TimeDirector (DIN:00905266)

Annexure-VI

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

[Pursuant to Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

i) The percentage of increase in remuneration of each Director and Chief Financial Officer during the financial year 2022-23, ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the financial year 2022-23 and the comparison of remuneration of each Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) against the performance of the Company are as under:

S. No.	Name of Director/ KMP andDesignation	The ratio of the remuneration of each director to the median remuneration of the employees for the financial year		
1	Yerrapragada Mallikarjuna Rao	2,40,000 P.A	NIL	
2	Medatati Raghavendra Rao	3,00,000	NIL	

- i) In the financial year, there was an increase of NIL % in the median remuneration of employees;
- ii) There were NIL employees on the rolls of Company as on March 31,2023
- iii) Average percentage increase made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year i.e., 2022-23 was NIL % whereas the decrease/ increase in the managerial remuneration for the same financial year was NIL%.
- iv) It is here by affirmed that the remuneration paid is as per the Remuneration Policy for Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other Employees.

A) Employees in the terms of Remuneration:

S. No.	Employee name	Designation	Educational qualification	Age	Experience	Date of Joining	Gross remuneration paid	Previous employ mentand designation, If any	No. Shares held, If any
1	Yerrapragada Mallikarjuna Rao	WTD & CFO	Graduation	58	29 years	25.12.2016	2,40,000 P.A	NA	-
2	Medatati Raghavendra Rao	CS	M.Com., ACS	34	5 years	19.10.2017	1,42,000	NA	-

"By the Order of Board of Directors of" For SOPHIA TRAEXPO LIMITED

Sd/-YERRAPRAGADA MALLIKARJUNARAO Chairman & Whole TimeDirector (DIN:00905266)

CEO/CFO CERTIFICATION

I, Yerrapragada Mallikarjuna Rao, Whole Time Director, to the best of my knowledge and belief, certify that:

- a. I have reviewed the financial statements including cash flow statement (standalone) for the financial year ended March 31, 2023 and to the best of our knowledge and belief:
 - i) these statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
 - ii) These statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- b. There are, to the best of my knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the year, which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company's code of conduct.
- c. I accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting and have disclosed to the auditors and the Audit Committee, deficiencies in the designor operation of such internal controls, if any, of which we are a ware and the steps we have taken or propose to take to address these deficiencies.
- d. I have indicated to the auditors and the Audit Committee:
 - i) significant changes in the internal control over financial reporting during theyear;
 - ii) Significant changes in the accounting policies during the year and that the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements; and
 - iii) that the reare no instances of significant fraud of which they have become a ware of and in volvement there in of the management or an employee having a significant role in the Company's internal control system over financial reporting.

For and on behalf of the Board For SOPHIA TRAEXPO LIMITED

Sd/-YERRAPRAGADA MALLIKARJUNARAO Chairman & Whole TimeDirector (DIN:00905266)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF SOPHIA TRAEXPO LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **SOPHIA TRAEXPO LIMITED** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, the profit and total comprehensive income, and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficientandappropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In our professional judgement, we have determined that there is no key audit matter to be communicated in our report.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report there on.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion there on.

In connection with our audit of thefinancial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards referred to in Section 133 of Companies Act 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability tocontinue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the Accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficientandappropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud

may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are
 also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial
 controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeableuserof the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosureaboutthe matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be in ourreport because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interestbenefits of suchcommunication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020, issued by the Central Government of India, in terms of section 143 (11) of the companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraph 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by section 143(3) of the Companies Act 2013, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books.

- c) The Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss including other comprehensive income, Statement of changes in equity and Cash flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financials comply with the Accounting Standards specified under of Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Indian Accounting standard) Rules 2015, as amended.
- e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2023, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023, from being appointed as a director in terms of sub section (2) of section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- f) with respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B": and
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- i) There are no pending litigations for or against the Company which would impact its financial position.
- ii) The Company does not have any derivatives contracts. Further there are no long term contracts for which provisions for any material foreseeable losses is required to be made.
- iii) There are no amounts pending that are required to be transferred to Investor Education and Protection Fund.
- iv) The Management has represented, to best of their knowledge and belief, that no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('Intermediaries'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- v) The Management has represented, to best of their knowledge and belief, that no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('Funding Parties'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- vi) Based on such audit procedures, that has been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, performed by us, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representation under para (iv) and (v) contain any material misstatement.
- vii) Proviso to rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the Company with effect from 1 April 2023, and accordingly, reporting under rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable for the financial year ended 31 March 2023.

For NSVR & ASSOCIATES LLP.,

Chartered Accountants (FRN No.008801S/S200060)

R Srinivasu Partner M.No:224033

UDIN: 23224033BGPMVQ4230

Date: 25.05.2023 Place: Hyderabad

ANNEXURE 'A' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of SOPHIA TRAEXPO LIMITED of even date)

To the best of our information and according to the explanations provided to us by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, we state that

- i. (a) In respect of the Company's Property, Plant & Equipment:
 - (A) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the company has maintained proper records full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
 - (B) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, in our opinion, the company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
 - (b) The Company has a program of verification to cover all the items of Property, Plant & Equipment in a phased manner which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the program, certain fixed assets were physically verified by the management during the year. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company does not have immovable Property. Hence reporting under paragraph 3 (i)(c) is not applicable to the company.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment. Accordingly, clause 3(i)(d) of the order is not applicable.
 - (e) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no proceedings initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made there under.
- ii. (a) The company does not have any inventory and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(a) is not applicable.
 - (b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of ? 5 crore, in aggregate, at any points of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- iii. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, During the year the company has not given any advances in the nature of loan, provided any guarantee or given any security to its subsidiaries, Joint ventures, other companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties.
 - (b) The company has not made investments, provided guarantees, provided security and granted advances in the nature of loans to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(b) of the order is not applicable to the company to that extent.
 - (c) The company has not made investments, provided guarantees, provided security and granted advances in the nature of loans to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(c) of the order is not applicable to the company to that extent.

- (d) In the absence of any loans or advances in the nature of loans outstanding as at the year end , the question of whether there are amounts overdue for more than ninety days as the balance sheet date and reasonable steps have been taken by the company for recovery of the principal and interest does not arise and accordingly this sub clause 3(iii)(d) is not applicable.
- (e) In the absence of any loans or advances in the nature of loans fallen due during the year and hence the question of whether the loan has been renewed or extended or fresh loans are granted to settle the overdue of existing loan given to the same parties does not arise and accordingly this sub clause is not applicable.
- (f) In the absence of any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment and hence the questions of aggregate amount, percentage thereof to the total loans granted, aggregate amount of loans granted to promoters ,related parties as defined in clause 76 of section 2 of the companies Act, 2013 does not arise and accordingly, this sub clause 3(iii)(f) is not applicable.
- iv. There are no loans, investments, guarantees, and security in respect of which provisions of section 185 and 186 of the companies act,2013 are applicable and accordingly the requirement to report on clause 3(iv) of the order is not applicable to the company.
- v. According to the information and explanation given to us the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public and hence the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposit) Rules, 2015 with regard to the deposits accepted from the public are not applicable.
- vi. According to the information and explanation given to us, the central government has not prescribed the Maintenance of cost records under subsection (1) of section 148 of the companies act,2013 for the services provided by the company. Accordingly, clause 3(v) of the order is not applicable.
- vii. In respect of statutory dues:
 - (a) In our opinion, the Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Goods and Services tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Professional tax Income Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities.
 - There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Service tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Professional tax, Income Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2023 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (b) There are no disputed dues Pending as on March 31,2023.
- viii. According to the information and explanation given to usand on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, there were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- ix. (a) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest to any lender during the year.
 - (b) The Company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - (c) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanation given to us, the terms loans have been applied for the purpose for which they have been obtained.

- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the company, we report that the company has not use any short-term funds raised for long term purposes during the year.
- (e) According to the information and explanation given to usand on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations.
- (f) The Company does not have any subsidiary, associate, or Joint venture. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause (ix)(f) of the order is not applicable to the company.
- x. (a) The Company has not raised money by way of an initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause is not applicable.
- xi. (a) No fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
 - (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and up to the date of this report.
 - (c) No whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year (and up to the date of this report).
- xii. The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause (xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xiii. In our opinion, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to applicable transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. In our opinion the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
- xv. In our opinion during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors, and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable.
 - In our opinion, there is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- xvii. The Company has incurred cash losses of Rs.11.08 lakhs during the financial year covered by our audit and Rs 10.41 lakhs in the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.

- xix. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, the auditor's knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, we are Opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date;
- xx. Transfer to fund specified under Schedule VII of Companies Act, 2013 not applicable to the company.

For NSVR & ASSOCIATES LLP.,

Chartered Accountants (FRN No.008801S/S200060)

R Srinivasu

Partner
M.No:224033

UDIN: 23224033BGPMVQ4230

Chartered Associates LLF.,

Date: 25.05.2023 Place: Hyderabad

ANNEXURE "B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of **SOPHIA TRAEXPO LIMITED** of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Subsection 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

Opinion:

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **SOPHIATRAEXPO LIMITED** ("the Company") as of March 31,2023 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section143(10) of the Companies Act,2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Company.

Meaning of internal financial Controls over Financial reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statement for external purpose in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- (1) Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For NSVR & ASSOCIATES LLP.,

Chartered Accountants (FRN No.008801S/S200060)

R Srinivasu

Partner M.No:224033

UDIN: 23224033BGPMVQ4230

Date: 25.05.2023 Place: Hyderabad

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2023

PARTICULARS	Note No.	Year Ended 31.03.2023 Audited	Year Ended 31.03.2022 Audited
Non-current assets			
a) Property, plant and Equipment	2.1	0.04	0.04
b) Right of Use Asset		-	-
c) Investment Properties	-	-	
d) Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	-	-	
d) Financial Assets		-	-
(i) Trade Receivables		-	-
e) Other Non current Assets	-	-	
		0.04	0.04
Current assets			
(a) Inventories			
(b) Financial assets			
(i) Trade Receivables	2.2	114.36	114.36
(ii) Cash and Cash equivalents	2.3	152.45	173.89
(iii) Bank Balance other than (ii) above		-	-
(iv) Other financial assets	2.4	201.43	201.49
(c) Other current assets	2.5	11.63	10.84
Total Current Assets	•	479.87	500.58
TOTAL ASSETS		479.91	500.62
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity Share Capital	2.6	510.00	510.00
Other Equity	2.7	-60.73	-49.64
		449.27	460.36
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities Financial Liabilities a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	2.8	25.00	25.00
(ii) Lease Liabilities		-	-
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities		-	-
b) Provisions		-	-
c) Other Non Current Liabilities		-	-
Defferred tax liability	2.9	0.04	0.04
		25.04	25.04
Current liabilities	•		
Financial Liabilities			
i) Borrowings			
ii) Lease Liabilities			
iii) Trade Payables			
Total Outstanding Dues of Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises Total Outstanding Dues of Creditors Other than Micro Enterprises	2.10	-	-
and Small Enterprises	2.10	5.15	14.72
b) Other current liabilities	2.10	0.46	0.50
c) Provisions	2.11	U. + U	- 0.50
d) Current Tax Liabilites (Net)	2.12		
a) Junion Tax Elabilites (Net)	۷.۱۷		
	1	5.61	15.22

The notes form an integral part of these financial statements 1 to 2.28

As per our report of even date For NSVR & ASSOCIATES LLP Chartered Accountants FRN: 008801S/S200060

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors **SOPHIA TRAEXPO LIMITED**

Sd/-Lakshmi Nekkanti Satya Sri Director

Sd/-Y. Mallikarjun Rao Whole time Director DIN: 00905266

Sd/-R Srinivasu Partner

DIN:0722878 Sd/-

Medatati Raghavendra Rao

M.No. 224083 Place: Hyderabad Date : 25.05.2023 UDIN: 23224033BGPMVQ4230

Company Secretary M.No.: A40758

STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2023

PARTICULARS	Note No.	For the Period Ended 31.03.2023	For the Period Ended 31.03.2022
Income			
Revenue from operations	2.13	-	-
Total Revenue from operations		-	-
Other income	2.14	0.31	-
Total Income		0.31	-
Expenses			
Cost of materials consumed	2.15	-	-
Changes in inventories		-	
Employee benefits expense	2.16	5.40	5.40
Depreciation and amortization expense	2.1 2.17	0.01 5.65	0.02 19.14
Other expenses	2.17		
Total Expenses		11.40	24.56
Profit before tax		(11.09)	(24.56)
Tax expense			
(1) Current tax		-	-
(2) Deferred tax		-	-
Net Profit for the Period		(11.09)	(24.56)
Other comprehensive income (OCI) (a) (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (ii) Tax on items that will not be reclassified to profit		-	-
or loss		-	-
(b) (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss(ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified		-	-
to profit or loss		-	-
		-	-
Total Other Comprehensive income		-	-
Total Comprehensive income		(11.09)	(24.56)
Earnings per equity share (Face value of Rs.10/- each) (1) Basic (2) Diluted		(0.22) (0.22)	(0.48) (0.48)

The notes form an integral part of these financial statements 1 to 2.28

As per our report of even date For NSVR & ASSOCIATES LLP Chartered Accountants FRN: 008801S/S200060

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

SOPHIA TRAEXPO LIMITED

Sd/-R Srinivasu Partner M.No. 224083 Sd/-Lakshmi Nekkanti Satya Sri Director DIN:0722878

Y. Mallikarjun Rao Whole time Director DIN: 00905266

Sd/-

UDIN: 23224033BGPMVQ4230

Place: Hyderabad Date: 25.05.2023 Medatati Raghavendra Rao Company Secretary

M.No.: A40758

Sd/-

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2023

PARTICULARS	As on 31.03.2023	As on 31.03.2022
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Net profit before tax Adjustments for :	-11.09	-24.56
Interest income Expected credit loss	-0.31 -	- -
Depreciation and amortization expense	0.01	0.02
Operating profit before working capital changes	-11.39	-24.54
Movements in Working Capital (Increase)/Decrease in Trade Receivables (Increase)/Decrease in Other financial assets (Increase)/Decrease in Other Current Assets	0.06 -0.81	14.13 39.73 -0.68
Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Payables Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current liabilities Changes in Working Capital	-9.57 -0.04 -10.36	0.46 0.25 53.89
Cash generated from operations	-21.75	29.35
Direct Taxes Paid	-	-
Net Cash from operating activities (A)	-21.75	29.35
Cash flows from Investing Activities Purchase of Fixed Assets (Including CWIP) Sale of Fixed Assets Interest income	0.31	-
Net Cash used in Investing Activities	0.31	-
Cash flows from/(used in) Financing Activities Proceeds from issue of shares Proceeds from Long term borrowings		-
Net Cash used in Financing Activities	-	-
Net Increase/(Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	-21.44	29.35
Cash and Cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	173.89	144.54
Cash and Cash equivalents at the ending of the year (Refer Note 2.3)	152.45	173.89

Notes :- 1. The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in Accounting Standard on "Cash Flow Statements".(Ind AS-7)

As per our report of even date For and on behalf of Board
For NSVR & ASSOCIATES LLP SOPHIA TRAEXPO LIMITED
Chartered Accountants

FRN: 008801S/S200060

Sd/- Sd/-

R Srinivasu
Partner
M.No. 224083

Lakshmi Nekkanti Satya Sri
Director
DIN: 0722878

Lakshmi Nekkanti Satya Sri
V. Mallikarjun Rao
Whole time Director
DIN: 00905266

UDIN: 23224033BGPMVQ4230 Medatati Raghavendra Rao

Place: Hyderabad Company Secretary Date: 25.05.2023 M.No.: A40758

^{2.} The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Rs In Lakhs

NOTE: 2.1Property, Plant and Equipment

Fixed Assets	Computers and Data Processing units	Electrical Installations and Equipment	Furniture and Fittings	Motor Vehicles	Office Equipment	Total
Gross carrying amount	4. A.					1 25
Additions	0.00					5
Disposals	1	,	1	1	ı	
Cost as at March 31,2023	1.35		•	1	•	1.35
Accumulated Depreciation	1.30	1	1	-	1	1.30
Charge for the year	0.01	1	ı	,	1	0.01
Disposals	1	1	1	•	1	•
As at March 31,2023	1.31	•	1	-	1	1.31
Net Carrying Value						
As at March 31,2022	0.05	•	•	-	1	0.05
As at March 31,2023	0.04	ı	ı	-	1	0.04

Notes to financial statements for the year ended (All amounts in Rupees except for share data or otherwise stated)

Note 2.2 **Trade Receivables**

Particulars	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
Trade Receivables		
Unsecured, considered good	128.50	128.50
Less: Allowances for Credit Losses	14.13	14.13
Total	114.36	114.36

		Tra	de Receival	ole Outstan	ding as at N	March 31, 202	23
Particulars	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 Months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 Years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed Trade receivables-considered good						114.36	114.36
Undisputed Trade Receivables- which have signifiant increase in Credit risk							
Undisputed Trade Receivables- Credit impaired						14.13	14.13
Disputed Trade Receivables- Considered good							
Disputed Trade Receivables- which have signifiant increase in Credit risk							
Disputed Trade Receivables- Credit impaired							
Total						128.50	128.50

		Tra	ide Receiva	ble Outstan	ding as at N	/larch 31,202	2
Particulars	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 Months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 Years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed Trade receivables-considered good						114.36	114.36
Undisputed Trade Receivables- which have signifiant increase in Credit risk							
Undisputed Trade Receivables- Credit impaired						14.13	14.13
Disputed Trade Receivables- Considered good							
Disputed Trade Receivables- which have signifiant increase in Credit risk							
Disputed Trade Receivables- Credit impaired							
Total						128.50	128.5

Note 2.3 Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
(a) Balances with banks - Current Account	145.07	166.48
(b) Cash in hand	7.37	7.40
Total	152.45	173.89

Note 2.4 Other Financial Assets

Particulars	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
Rental Deposits		
Inter corporate deposits	50.00	50.00
Loans and Advances		
Advances for materials and others	151.43	151.49
Total	201.43	201.49

Note 2.5 Other Current Assets

Particulars	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
TDS receivables	1.33	5.00
GST Input	6.62	5.84
other current assets	3.68	
Total	11.63	10.84

Note 2.6 a. Share Capital

Share Capital	As at Marc	h 31, 2023	As at Marc	ch 31, 2022
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Authorised				
60,00,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each	60,00,000	600.00	60,00,000	600.00
Issued, Subscribed & Paid up				
Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- paid up each	51,00,000	510.00	51,00,000	510.00
Total	51,00,000	510.00	51,00,000	510.00

b. Reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

Particulars	As at Marc	ch 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	51,00,000	510.00	51,00,000	510.00
Shares Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares bought back during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	51,00,000	510.00	51,00,000	510.00

c. Rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a face value of Rs.10 /- each. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share. The company declares and pays dividends in Indian Rupees. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the equity shareholders will be entitled to receive the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

d. Promoters holding more than 5% of the shares

Particulars	As at March 3	1, 2023	As at March 31	I, 2022
	Number of shares % holding I		Number of shares	% holding
Rajani Nalluri	6,00,000	11.76%	6,00,000	11.76%
Pranitha Nalluri	6,00,000	11.76%	6,00,000	11.76%
Sai Charan Nalluri	7,50,000	14.71%	7,50,000	14.71%
Anmol Nalluri	6,00,000	11.76%	6,00,000	11.76%

Note No.2.7 Other Equity

Particulars	Securi- ties Premium	General Reserve	Capital Reserve	Share Options Outstand- ing Account	Other Compre- hensive Income	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance at March 31,2022	-	-	-	-	-	(49.64)	(49.64)
Restated Balance at the beginning of the Current reporting Period	-	-	ı	1	1	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the Current Year	-	-	-	-	-	(11.09)	(11.09)
Dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to retained Earnings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Actuarial gain/(loss) on post-employment benefit obligations, net of tax benefit	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	-
Balance at March 31,2023	-	-	-	-	-	(60.73)	(60.73)

Note 2.8 Borrowings

Particulars	As at Mar	ch 31,2023	As at Ma	rch 31,2022
	Current Non Current		Current	Non Current
- From Related Parties	-	-	-	-
- From Others	-	25.00	-	25.00
Total	-	25.00	-	25.00

Note 2.9 Deffered Tax Liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Opening Balance	0.04	0.04
Add:- Additions during the Year	-	-
Total	0.04	0.04

Note 2.10 Trade Payables

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	
Trade Payables	5.15	Current 14.72
	5.15	14.72

	Trade Payable Outstanding as at March 31, 2023						
Particulars	Not Due	Less than 6 months	1-2 years	2-3 Years	More than 3 years	Total	
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(ii) Others	-	0.50	1.00	-	3.65	5.15	
(iii) Disputed Dues-MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(iv) Disputed Dues -Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	-	0.50	1.00	-	3.65	5.15	

	Trade Payable Outstanding as at March 31, 2022						
Particulars	Not Due	Less than 6 months	1-2 years	2-3 Years	More than 3 years	Total	
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(ii) Others	_	0.50	0.50	-	13.72	14.72	
(iii) Disputed Dues-MSME	_	-	-	-	-	-	
(iv) Disputed Dues -Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	-	0.50	0.50	-	13.72	14.72	

Note 2.11 other current Liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
TDS Payable	0.01	-
Salaries Payable	0.25	0.50
Others	0.20	
Total	0.46	0.50

Note 2.12 Current Tax Liabilites (Net)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023 Current	As at March 31, 2022 Current
(i) Provision for Income Tax	-	-
Total	-	-

Note 2.13 Revenue from operations

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Revenue from Sale of Goods		
Domestic Sales	-	-
Export Sales	-	-
Revenue from Sale of Services		
Domestic Services	-	-
Export Sales	-	-
Total	-	-

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Note 2.14		
Other Income		
Interest Income	0.31	-
Total	0.31	-
Note 2.15		
Purchase of Stock in trade		
Purchases	-	-
Total	-	-
Note 2.16		
Employee Benefits Expense		
Salaries and incentives	5.74	5.40
Directors Remmuneration	-	-
Staff welfare expenses	-	-
Total	5.74	5.40

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	31st March 2023	31st March 2022
Note 2.17		
Other expenses		
Listing fees	3.06	3.00
Printing & Stationery	0.14	-
ROC Expense	0.03	0.02
Audit Fee	0.50	0.50
Advertisement Expenses	0.17	0.10
Professional and Technical Charges	0.71	-
Demat A/c Maintenance Charges	0.15	0.57
Other expenses	0.88	0.81
Expected Credit Loss	-	14.13
Total	5.65	19.14

Note No 2.28 Ratios as per the Schedule III requirements

SI No	Particulars	FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22	Change	Items Included in Numerator	Items Included in Denominator	Reason for change
1	Current Ratio (No of times)	32.73	32.89	-0.50%	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	
2	Debt Equity Ratio (No of times)	0.05	0.05	1.17%	Total Debt	Share holders Equity	
3	Return on Equity Ratio (No of times)	-0.01	-0.05	-78.05%	Net profit after tax	Average Shareholders's Equity	Due to Losses
4	Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio (No of times)	-	-	-	Credit Sales	Average trade receivables	
5	Inventory Turnover Ratio (No of times)	-	-	-	Raw Material consumed	Average Inventory	
6	Debt service coverage Ratio (No of times)	-	-	-	Profit/(Loss) before exceptional items and tax + interest on borrowings	Interest on borrowings + Repayment of borrowings	
7	Trade Payable turnover Ratio (No of times)	-	-	-	Cost of material Consumed	Average Trade Payable	
8	Net Capital turnover Ratio (No of times)	-	-	-	Revenue from Operations	Working capital	
9	Net Profit Ratio %	-	-	-	Net profit after tax	Revenue from Operations	
10	Return on Capital employed	-0.02	-0.08	-77.21%	Earnings before interest and taxes(EBIT)	Capital Employed (pre cash)	Due to Losses

Notes to Financial Statements for the Financial Year Ended March 31,2023

(All amounts are in Lakhs except share data or as otherwise Specified)

2.18 Earnings per Share

Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit/(loss) attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential equity shares into equity shares.

Particulars	For the Period Ended 31 March 2023	For the Period Ended 31 March 2022
Profit after tax (PAT)	-11.09	-24.56
Net Profit for calculation of Basic and Diluted EPS (A)	-11.09	-24.56
Weighted average number of equity shares for Basic EPS (B)	51,00,000	51,00,000
Effect of dilutive Equivalent ESOP's	-	-
Weighted average number of equity shares for Diluted EPS (C)	51,00,000	51,00,000
Basic EPS (A/B)	-0.22	0.00
Diluted EPS (A/C)	-0.22	0.00

2.19 Auditors Remuneration

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Statutory Audit Fees	0.50	0.50
Tax Audit fees		
For other services	-	-
TOTAL	0.50	0.50

^{*} Excluding Taxes

2.20 Related Party Transaction

(a) Names of related parties

S.No	Name of the Related Party	Nature of Relation
1	YERRAPRAGADA MALLIKARJUNA RAO	Whole Time Director
2	SRINIVASARAO BOLLA	Key Managerial Person
3	LAKSHMI SATYASRI NEKKANTI	Key Managerial Person
4	DURGA VENKATA VARA CHADALAWADA PRASAD RAO	Key Managerial Person
5	MEDATATI RAGHAVENDRA RAO	Company Secretary

(b) Transactions during the year

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Remuneration & Commision		
Mr.YERRAPRAGADA MALLIKARJUNA RAO	2.40	2.40
Commission	-	-
Sales	-	-

(c) Balance Outstanding at

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Amount Receivable		
Amount Payable		

2.21 Segment Reporting:

The Company concluded that there is only one operating segment i.e., Paper and paper related Products. Hence, the same becomes the reportable segment for the Company. Accordingly, the Company has only one operating and reportable segment, the disclosure requirements specified in paragraphs 22 to 30 are not applicable. Accordingly, the Company shall present entity-wide disclosures enumerated in paragraphs 32, 33 and 34 of Ind AS 108.

2.22 Details of Employee Benefit

a. Defined Benefit Contribution -Provident fund and other funds

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Provident Fund	-	-
PF Admin charges	-	-
Employee State Insurance	-	-
Total	-	-

2.23 Income taxes

Income tax Expense/(Benefit) recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss Account

Particulars	For the Period Ended 31 March 2023	For the Period Ended 31 March 2022
Current Tax Expense	-	-
Deferred tax Expese	-	-
Deferred tax Expese Benefit	-	-
Total income tax Expense/(Benefit) recognised	-	-

Income tax Expense/(Benefit) recognised in the Statement of other comprehensive income

Particulars	For the Period Ended 31 March 2023	For the Period Ended 31 March 2022
Tax Effect on remeasurement of defined benefit Plans		
Total income tax Expense/(Benefit) recognised	-	-

Reconciliation of Effective tax rate:

Particulars	For the Period Ended 31 March 2023	For the Period Ended 31 March 2022
Profit before income taxes	-11.09	-24.56
Enacted tax rate in India		
Computed expected tax benefit/(expense)	-	-
Tax Effect on:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	-	-
Expenses deductible for tax purposes	-	-
Others	-	-
Income tax Expense/(Benefit)	-	-
Effective tax rate	0.00%	0.0%

Deferred tax assets & Liabilities:

Particulars	For the Period Ended 31 March 2023	For the Period Ended 31 March 2022
Deferred tax on Property,Plant and Equipment	0.04	0.04
Deferred tax on Gratuity and Leave Encashment	-	-
Net deferred tax assets/(liabilities)	(0.04)	(0.04)

2.24 Contingent Liabilities

Particulars	For the Period Ended 31 March 2023	For the Period Ended 31 March 2022
Claims against the Company/Disputed Liabilities not acknowledged as debts	-	-
Bank Gurantee	-	-
Total	-	-

2.25 Financial Instruments:

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy.

Particulars	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
	Mar 31, 2023	Mar 31, 2023	Mar 31, 2022	Mar 31, 2022
Trade Receivables	114.36	114.36	114.36	114.36
Cash and cash equivalents	152.45	152.45	173.89	173.89
Other current Financial Assets	201.43	201.43	201.49	201.49
Total	468.25	468.25	489.74	489.74
Borrowings	25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00
Trade payables	5.15	5.15	14.72	14.72
Other financial liabilities				
Total	30.15	30.15	39.72	39.72

The fair value of trade receivables, other financial assets, cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, borrowings, trade payables and other financial liabilities approximate their carrying amount largely due to short-term nature of these instruments.

2.26 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's financial liabilities comprise mainly of other payables. The Company's financial assets comprise mainly of cash and cash equivalents, other balances with banks, trade receivables and other receivables.

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. In performing its operating, investing and financing activities, the Company is exposed to the Credit risk and Liquidity risk.

i) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Such changes in the values of financial instruments may result from changes in the foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates, credit, liquidity and other market changes. The Company's exposure to market risk is primarily on account of Foreign Currency Exchange rates. Financial instruments affected by market risk include Trade Receivables.

a. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's has no exposure to Interest Rate Risks.

b. Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Company's operating activities (when revenue or expense is denominated in a foreign currency). The Company's has no exposure to Interest Rate Risks.

Expenditure in Foreign Currency is as follows

Particulars	For the Period Ended 31 March 2023	For the Period Ended 31 March 2022
FOB value of Imports	-	-
Contract and Professional Fess in USD	-	
Other Expenses	-	-
Total	-	-

Earnings in Foreign Exchange

Particulars	For the Period Ended 31 March 2023	For the Period Ended 31 March 2022	
FOB value of Imports	-	-	
Contract and Professional Fess in USD	-		
Other Expenses	-	-	
Total	-	-	

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss.

The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions and other financial instruments.

Trade Receivables

Credit risk with respect to trade receivables is limited, based on our historical experience of collecting receivables, supported by the level of default.

Financial instruments and cash deposits

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by the Company's top management in accordance with the Company's policy.

iii) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Liquidity risk may result from an inability to sell a financial asset quickly at close to its fair value.

The Company has an established liquidity risk management framework for managing its short term, medium term and long term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Company's exposure to liquidity risk arises primarily from mismatches of the maturities of financial assets and liabilities. The Company manages the liquidity risk by maintaining adequate funds in cash and cash equivalents. The Company also has adequate credit facilities agreed with banks to ensure that there is sufficient cash to meet all its normal operating commitments in a timely and cost-effective manner.

2.27 Other Statutory Information

- (i) The Company do not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.
- (ii) The Company do not have any transactions with companies struck off.
- (iii) The Company do not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period,
- (iv) The Company have not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.

- (v) The Company have not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
 - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- (vi) The Company have not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
 - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (vii) The Company have not any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

1. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DESCRIPTION OF THE COMPANY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 General Information

Sophia Traexpo Limited (the company) is engaged in Manufacturing, Trading of paper and paper related products and also services incidental thereto. The Company is a public limited company incorporated and domiciled in India. The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

1.2 Basis of preparation and presentation of Financial Statements

The financial statements of SOPHIA TRAEXPO LIMITED have been prepared and presented in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016. For the year ended 31 March 2023, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with accounting standards notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read with Rule 7 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

1.3 Basis of Measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost convention and on an accrual basis, except for the following material items in the balance sheet:

- a. Certain financial assets are measured either at fair value or at amortized cost depending on the classification:
- Employee defined benefit assets/(liability) are recognized as the net total of the fair value of plan assets, plus actuarial losses, less actuarial gains and the present value of the defined benefit obligation and
- c. Long-term borrowings are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

1.4 Use of estimates and judgments.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. These estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experiences and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected. In particular, the areas involving critical estimates or Judgments are:

a. Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation and amortization is based on management estimates of the future useful lives of certain class of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets.

b. Employee Benefits

The present value of the employee benefits obligations depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a number of assumptions. The assumptions used in determining the net cost (income) includes the discount rate, wage escalation and employee

attrition. The discount rate is based on the prevailing market yields of Indian Government securities as at the balance sheet date for the estimated term of the obligations.

c. Provision and contingencies

Provisions and contingencies are based on the Management's best estimate of the liabilities based on the facts known at the balance sheet date.

d. Fair valuation

Fair value is the market based measurement of observable market transaction or available market information.

1.5 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Indian rupees, which is also the functional currency of the Company. All financial information presented in Indian rupees.

1.6 Current and non-current classification

All the assets and liabilities have been classified as current or noncurrent as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013and Ind AS 1, Presentation of financial statements.

Assets: An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- It is expected to be realized in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the Company's normal operating cycle;
- b. It is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- c. It is expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting date; or
- d. It is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Liabilities: A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- a. It is expected to be settled in the Company's normal operating cycle;
- b. It is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- c. It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting date; or
- d. The Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counter party, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Current assets/ liabilities include the current portion of non-current assets/ liabilities respectively. All other assets/ liabilities are classified as non-current. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are always disclosed as non-current.

1.7 Foreign Currency Transaction

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the respective functional currencies of entities within the Company at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate at that date. Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items at rates different from those at which they were translated on initial

recognition during the period or in previous financial statements are recognized in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which they arise.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in a foreign currency and measured at historical cost are translated at the exchange rate prevalent at the date of transaction, if any.

1.8 Property Plant & Equipment

Recognition and measurement

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost of acquisition or construction less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss, if any. Cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset i.e., freight, duties and taxes applicable and other expenses related to acquisition and installation. The cost of self-constructed assets includes the cost of materials and other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to a working condition for its intended use. Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset.

When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Gains and losses upon disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and are recognized net within in the statement of profit and loss.

The cost of replacing part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Company and its cost can be measured reliably. The costs of repairs and maintenance are recognized in the statement of profit and loss as incurred.

Items of property, plant and equipment acquired through exchange of non-monetary assets are measured at fair value, unless the exchange transaction lacks commercial substance or the fair value of either the asset received or asset given up is not reliably measurable, in which case the asset exchanged is recorded at the carrying amount of the asset given up.

Depreciation

Depreciation is recognized in the statement of profit and loss on a Straight Line Method (SLM) basis over the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment based on Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 ("Schedule"), which prescribes the useful lives for various classes of tangible assets. For assets acquired or disposed off during the year, depreciation is provided on prorata basis

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Particulars	Useful life
Computers	3 Years

Advances paid towards the acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding at each reporting date is disclosed as capital advances under other current assets.

The cost of property, plant and equipment not ready to use before such date are disclosed under capital work-in-progress. Assets not ready for use are not depreciated.

1.9 Intangible assets

Intangible Assets are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use. The Intangible assets that are acquired by the Company and that have finite useful lives are measured at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses.

Amortization

Amortization is recognized in the statement of profit and loss on a written down value basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets or on any other basis that reflects the pattern in which the asset's future economic benefits are expected to be consumed by the entity. Intangible assets that are not available for use are amortized from the date they are available for use.

1.10 Financial Instruments

a financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

a. Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded

at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Subsequent measurement

(i) Debt instrument at FVTPL

Debt instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changesrecognised in the statement of profit and loss. The Company has not designated any debt instrument as at FVTPL.

(ii) Investment in Preference Shares and Unquoted trade Investments

Investment in Preference Shares and Unquoted trade Investments are measured at amortised cost using Effective Rate of Return (EIR).

(iii) Investment in equity instruments

All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading and contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which Ind AS103 applies are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value. The Company makes such election on an instrument by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognised in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to the statement of profit and loss, even on sale of investment. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity.

Equity instruments i.e., investments in equity shares within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

(iv) Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of the investment is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount. On disposal of investments in subsidiaries and joint venture, the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Company's balance sheet) when:

- (i) The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- (ii) The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement? and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

b. Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts, financial guarantee contracts.

Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

(i) Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

1.11 Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of all categories of inventories is based on the weighted average method. Cost includes expenditures incurred in acquiring the inventories and other costs incurred in bringing them to their existing location and condition.

1.12 Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets, other than inventories and deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. For goodwill and intangible assets that have indefinite lives or that are not yet available for use, an impairment test is performed each year at 31st March.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit (as defined below) is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or the cash-generating unit. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the "cash-generating unit").

An impairment loss is recognized in the statement of profit and loss if the estimated recoverable amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit is lower than its carrying amount. Impairment losses recognized in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the units and then to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit on a pro-rata basis.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. In respect of other assets, impairment losses recognized in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

1.13 Cash & Cash Equivalents

Cash and bank balances comprise of cash balance in hand, in current accounts with banks, demand deposit, short-term deposits, Margin Money deposits and unclaimed dividend accounts. For this purpose, "short-term" means investments having maturity of three months or less from the date of investment. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of our cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the statement of cash flows. The Margin money deposits and unclaimed dividend balances shall be disclosed as restricted cash balances.

1.14 Employee Benefits

a. Short term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

b. Defined Contribution Plan

The Company's contributions to defined contribution plans are charged to the statement of profit and loss as and when the services are received from the employees.

c. Defined Benefit Plans

The liability in respect of defined benefit plans and other post-employment benefits is calculated using the projected unit credit method consistent with the advice of qualified actuaries. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using interest rates based on prevailing market yields of Indian Government Bonds and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related defined benefit obligation. The current service cost of the defined benefit plan, recognised in the statement of profit and loss in employee benefit expense, reflects the increase in the defined benefit obligation resulting from employee service in the current year, benefit changes, curtailments and settlements. Past service costs are recognised immediately in income. The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the statement of profit and loss. Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged or credited to equity in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

d. Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognized as an expense when the Company is demonstrably committed, without realistic possibility of withdrawal, to a formal detailed plan to either terminate employment before the normal retirement date, or to provide termination benefits as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy. Termination benefits for voluntary redundancies are recognized as an expense if the Company has made an offer encouraging voluntary redundancy, it is probable that the offer will be accepted, and the number of acceptances can be estimated reliably.

e. Other long-term employee benefits

The Company's net obligation in respect of other long term employee benefits is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and previous periods. That benefit is discounted to determine its present value. Re-measurements are recognized in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which they arise.

1.15 Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

a. Provisions

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at

a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

b. Contingent liabilities

A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. Where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

c. Contingent assets

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements. However, contingent assets are assessed continually and if it is virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and related income are recognised in the period in which the change occurs.

1.16 Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be measured reliably.

a) Income from Services:

When the outcome of a transaction involving the rendering of services can be estimated reliably, revenue associated with the transaction shall be recognized by reference to the stage of completion of the transaction at the end of the reporting period.

b) Sale of Goods:

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised when the goods are delivered and titles have passed, at which time all the following are satisfied:

- The company has transferred all significant risks and rewards of ownership of goods to the buyer:
- ii) The amount of revenue can be measured reliably: and
- iii) It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company

Other Income

(i) Miscellaneous Income

Miscellaneous Income includes Rounding off and other non operating income these are recognized as and when accrued.

1.17 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest, ancillary and other costs that the Company incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds and interest relating to other financial liabilities. Borrowing costs also include exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs. Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur.

1.18 Tax Expenses

Tax expense consists of current and deferred tax.

a. Income Tax

Income tax expense is recognized in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case it is recognized in equity. Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

b. Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised using the balance sheet method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.

A deferred tax asset is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

1.19 Earnings Per Share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS") data for its ordinary shares. Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

1.20 Trade receivables

Trade receivables are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

1.21 Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within twelve months after the reporting period. They are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

1.22 Determination of fair values

The Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the determination of fair value, for certain financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. Fair values have been determined for measurement and/or disclosure purposes based on the following methods. When applicable, further

information about the assumptions made in determining fair values is disclosed in the notes specific to that asset or liability. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

a. Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment, if acquired in a business combination or through an exchange of non-monetary assets, is measured at fair value on the acquisition date. For this purpose, fair value is based on appraised market values and replacement cost.

b. Intangible assets

The fair value of brands, technology related intangibles, and patents and trademarks acquired in a business combination is based on the discounted estimated royalty payments that have been avoided as a result of these brands, technology related intangibles, patents or trademarks being owned (the "relief of royalty method"). The fair value of customer related, product related and other intangibles acquired in a business combination has been determined using the multi-period excess earnings method after deduction of a fair return on other assets that are part of creating the related cash flows.

c. Inventories

The fair value of inventories acquired in a business combination is determined based on its estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and sale, and a reasonable profit margin based on the effort required to complete and sell the inventories.

d. Investments in equity and debt securities and units of mutual funds

The fair value of marketable equity and debt securities is determined by reference to their quoted market price at the reporting date. For debt securities where quoted market prices are not available, fair value is determined using pricing techniques such as discounted cash flow analysis.

In respect of investments in mutual funds, the fair values represent net asset value as stated by the issuers of these mutual fund units in the published statements. Net asset values represent the price at which the issuer will issue further units in the mutual fund and the price at which issuers will redeem such units from the investors.

Accordingly, such net asset values are analogous to fair market value with respect to these investments, as transactions of these mutual funds are carried out at such prices between investors and the issuers of these units of mutual funds.

e. Derivatives

The fair value of foreign exchange forward contracts is estimated by discounting the difference between the contractual forward price and the current forward price for the residual maturity of the contract using a risk-free interest rate (based on government bonds). The fair value of foreign currency option and swap contracts and interest rate swap contracts is determined based on the appropriate valuation techniques, considering the terms of the contract.

f. Non-derivative financial liabilities

Fair value, which is determined for disclosure purposes is calculated based on the present value of future principal and interest cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at

the reporting date. For finance leases the market rate of interest is determined by reference to similar lease agreements. In respect of the Company's borrowings that have floating rates of interest, their fair value approximates carrying value.

Recent pronouncements:

Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA), vide notification dated 31st March, 2023, has made the following amendments to Ind AS which are effective 1st April, 2023

Ind AS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements

The amendments require companies to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies. Accounting policy information, together with other information, is material when it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions of primary users of general purpose financial statements. The company does not expect this amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

Ind AS 12 - Income Taxes

The amendments clarify how companies account for deferred tax on transactions such as leases and decommissioning obligations. The amendments narrowed the scope of the recognition exemption in paragraphs 15 and 24 of Ind AS 12 (recognition exemption) so that it no longer applies to transactions that, on initial recognition, give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. The company does not expect this amendment to have any significant impact in its standalone financial statements.

Ind AS 8 - Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors

The amendments will help entities to distinguish between accounting policies and accounting estimates. The definition of a change in accounting estimates has been replaced with a definition of accounting estimates. Under the new definition, accounting estimates are "monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty". Entities develop accounting estimates if accounting policies require items in financial statements to be measured in a way that involves measurement uncertainty. The company does not expect this amendment to have any significant impact in its standalone financial statements.

As per our report of even date For NSVR & ASSOCIATES LLP

For and on behalf of Board **SOPHIA TRAEXPO LIMITED**

Sd/-

R Srinivasu Partner M.No. 224083

UDIN: 23224033BGPMVQ4230

Sd/-Lakshmi Nekkanti Satya Sri

Director DIN: 07223878 Sd/-Y. Mallikarjun Rao

Director DIN: 00905266

Sd/-

Medatati Raghavendra Rao

Company Secretary M.No.: A40758

Place: Hyderabad Date: 25-05-2023

FORM NO. MGT-11 PROXY FORM

(Pursuant to Section 105(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 19(3) of the Companies (Management and Administration Rules, 2014)

CIN		L21000TG1983PLC113227	·
Name of the Company		SOPHIA TRAEXPO LIMITED	
Registered Office		6-3-1090/B/1 & 2, 4th floor, Mayank Towers Raj Bhavan Road, Somajiguda, Khairatabad, Hyderabad Telangana, 500082 ,India	
Na	me of the Member		
Re	gistered Address		
Em	nail ID		
Fol	io No/ Client ID	DP ID.:	
	/e, being the membe	r(s) of shares of Sophia TraexpoLin	nited, hereby appoint
1	Name:		
	Address		T
	Email ID		Signature
	Or failing him		
2	Name:		
	Address		
	Email ID		Signature
Or failing him			
3	Name:		•
	Address		
	Email ID		Signature
	Or failing him		

As my/our proxy to attend and vote (on a poll) for me/us and on my/our behalf at the 40th Annual General Meeting of the Members of Sophia Traexpo Limited will be held on Saturday, 30th September, 2023 at 2.00 p.m. at the Registered Office of the Company at 2nd Floor," 6-3-1090/B/1 & 2, 4th floor, Mayank Towers Raj Bhavan Road, Somajiguda, Hyderabad, Telangana, 500082, India.

SI. No	Resolutions	For	Against
1	To receive, consider and adopt the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2023, together with the Reports of the Board of Directors and the Auditors thereon.		
2.	To appoint a director in the place of Mr. Yerrapragada Mallikarjuna Rao (holding DIN: 00905266), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for reappointment as a director.		

Timiled in 16 Teappeninine as a director.		
Signed this day of2023.		
Signature of shareholder:	Affix Revenue Stamp	
Signature of Proxy holder(s):		
Note: This form of proxy in order to be effective should be duly completed and of Office of the Company, not less than 48 hours before the commencement of	deposited at the F the Meeting.	Registered

Form No. MGT-12

POLLING PAPER

[Pursuant to Section109(5)of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 21(1)(c) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

SOPHIA TRAEXPO LIMITED (CIN:L21000TG1983PLC113227)

RegisteredOffice:2nd Floor," 6-3-1090/B/1 & 2, 4th floor, Mayank Towers Raj Bhavan Road, Somajiguda,

ινοί	Hyderabad, Telangana, 500082, India.	itaj bilavai	r Road, O	omajiguda,
	BALLOT PAPER			
1.	Name of the First Named Shareholder (in block letters)			
2.	Postal address:			
3.	Registered Folio No./*Client ID No			
	(*Applicable to investors holding shares in dematerialized form)			
4.	Class of Share(s)			
	I hereby exercise my vote in respect of Ordinary/Special Resolution enum assent or dissent to the said Resolution in the following manner:	erated below	by record	ing my
S	I. Resolutions	Shares held	For	Against
1	To receive, consider and adopt the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2023, together with the Reports of the Board of Directors and the Auditors thereon.			
2	To appoint a director in the place of Mr. Yerrapragada Mallikarjuna Rao (holding DIN: 00905266), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for reappointment as a director			
		(Signature	Affix Revenue Stamp of the Sh	areholder)
_	ate: lace: Hyderabad			

ATTENDANCE SLIP FOR ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

(To be surrendered at the venue of the meeting)

I certify that I am a registered shareholder/proxy/representative for the registered shareholder(s) of Sophia Traexpo Limited.

I hereby record my presence at the 40th Annual General Meeting of the Members of Sophia Traexpo Limited will be held on Saturday, 30th September, 2023 at 2.00 p.m. at the Registered Office of the Company at 2nd Floor," 6-3-1090/B/1 & 2, 4th floor, Mayank Towers Raj Bhavan Road, Somajiguda, Hyderabad, Telangana, 500082, India.

	DP ID*	Reg. folio no.	
	Client ID*	No of shares	
*Applicable if shares are held in electronic form Name and Address of Member			

Signature of Shareholder
Representative (Please Specify)

